AUTHENTICATED U.S. GOVERNMENT INFORMATION GPO

THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF THE UNITED STATES 1934

FEDERAL REGISTER

VOLUME 4 NUMBER 33

Washington, Friday, February 17, 1939

Rules, Regulations, Orders

TITLE 10—ARMY
WAR DEPARTMENT
CHAPTER VII—PERSONNEL
PART 75—ADMISSION TO THE UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY [1]

SEC. 75.01 *The Military Academy.* The United States Military Academy is an institution established by the Government for the practical and theoretical training of young men for the military service. Its cadets are given a comprehensive and general education of collegiate grade and a sufficient basic military education and training to enable them to pursue their careers as officers of the Army.

Direction and supervision of the Military Academy are vested by law in the War Department under such officer or officers as the Secretary of War may select, and, in accordance with this provision, the Chief of Staff has been designated as the officer in charge of all matters pertaining to the institution. (R. S. 161; 5 U. S. C. 22) [Information Relative to the Appointment and Admission of Cadets to the United States Military Academy, Dec. 1, 1938]

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SEC. 75.05 *Filipino Cadets.* In addition to the 1,960 mentioned above, the Secretary of War is authorized to permit not exceeding four Filipinos, to be designated one for each class by the President of the Commonwealth of the Philippine Islands, to receive instruction at the United States Military Academy: *"Provided,* That the Filipinos undergoing instruction * * * shall receive the same pay, allowances, and emoluments as are authorized by law for cadets at the Military Academy appointed from the United States, to be paid out of the same appropriations: *And provided further,* That said Filipinos undergoing instruction, on graduation shall be eligible only to commissions in the Philippine Scouts. And the provisions of section 1321, Revised Statutes, are modified in the case of the Filipinos undergoing instruction, so as to require them to engage to serve for eight years, unless sooner discharged, in the Philippine Scouts." Act May 28, 1908 (35 Stat. 441)

The act of Congress approved June 11, 1938, making appropriations for the military establishment for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1939, contains a proviso which reads as follows:

"* * * That no part of this or any other appropriation contained in this act shall be available for the pay of any person, civil or military, not a citizen of the United States, unless in the employ of the Government or in a pay status under appropriations carried in this act on July 1, 1937, * * *." (R. S. 161; 5 U. S. C. 22) [Information Relative to the Appointment and Admission of Cadets to the United States Military Academy, Dec. 1, 1938]

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SEC. 75.07 *Selection of candidates.*

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(b) *From "honor military schools."* Honor graduates of "honor military schools" are selected for appointment as cadets of the United States Military Academy in the following manner:

There is maintained in the office of The Adjutant General a roster of "honor military schools" as determined by annual War Department inspections of educational institutions. At an early date in each year The Adjutant General will anticipate the vacancies in the Corps of Cadets which are open to honor graduates and will make an equitable distribution of those vacancies amongst the "honor military schools" and notify them accordingly. Each designated institution will at a specified time notify The Adjutant General of the names of the selected honor graduates, designating them as principal, first alternate, and second alternate. In considering graduates for this designation the institution is not limited to those graduating during the current year.

An honor graduate, designated as principal, of a selected institution will be appointed a cadet of the United States Military Academy upon the certificate of the head of the institution that the appointee is an honor graduate of that institution of a year for which the institution was designated an honor military school. No student will be rated as honor graduate unless he has in his school work shown proficiency in subjects amounting to not less than the 15 units prescribed by the regulations for admission to the United States Military Academy. A certificate (form II) will be forwarded to the Adjutant, United States Military Academy, West Point, N. Y., when the appointment is made. In the event that the honor graduate designated as principal does not accept the appointment or fails to

[1] Supersedes indicated sections and paragraphs of Part 75, Title 10, of the Code of Federal Regulations.

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FEDERAL REGISTER

Published by the Division of the Federal Register, The National Archives, pursuant to the authority contained in the Federal Register Act, approved July 26, 1935 (49 Stat. L. 500), under regulations prescribed by the Administrative Committee, with the approval of the President.

The Administrative Committee consists of the Archivist or Acting Archivist, an officer of the Department of Justice designated by the Attorney General, and the Public Printer or Acting Public Printer.

The daily issue of the FEDERAL REGISTER will be furnished by mail to subscribers, free of postage, for $1 per month or $10 per year; single copies 10 cents each; payable in advance. Remit by money order payable to Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C.

Correspondence concerning the publication of the FEDERAL REGISTER should be addressed to the Director, Division of the Federal Register, The National Archives, Washington, D. C.

qualify for admission, the first alternate will, if qualified, be appointed; and in the event that neither the principal nor the first alternate qualifies, the second alternate will, if qualified, be appointed.

These candidates must at date of admission be between the ages of 17 and 22 years.

All honor graduates are appointed subject to the same tests for mental and physical qualifications as are required of other candidates. (See secs. 75.13 and 75.14.)

* * * * *

(d) *From the National Guard.* To be eligible for appointment from the National Guard, an applicant must be an enlisted man in an active or inactive status, of a unit recognized by the Federal Government and must, at date of admission, be a member of the National Guard and between the ages of 19 and 22 years, and have served as an enlisted man in an active status in the National Guard not less than 1 year. It is not essential that the service shall have been continuous; therefore, former service in the Guard may be counted in determining an applicant's eligibility. Similarly, service with a National Guard organization prior to its recognition by the Federal Government may be considered, the date of enlistment of the soldier governing, and not that of the recognition of the unit. Those applicants who contemplate enlisting in the National Guard for the purpose of being appointed to the Military Academy should do so early enough to enable them to acquire the year of service by the date of admission in the year during which they desire to enter.

For vacancies in the cadetships allotted to enlisted men of the National Guard, the candidates, not exceeding three for each vacancy, will be apportioned, in number as nearly equal as practicable, among the States, the Territories, the District of Columbia, and the island of Puerto Rico, according to their enlisted strength. With the exception of the candidates from the District of Columbia they will be selected by the governors from successful competitors in a preliminary examination to be held between August 1 and November 15 of each year, such examination to be of a scope and nature similar to the regular examination for entrance to the United States Military Academy. The candidates from the National Guard of the District of Columbia will be similarly selected by the commanding general of the District of Columbia Militia.

Each candidate thus selected will be authorized by the War Department to report for the regular Military Academy entrance examination, which he must undergo in competition with the entire number of National Guard candidates, the available vacancies being awarded to those physically qualified candidates making the highest proficient averages in the order of merit established at the last-mentioned examination, irrespective of the State, Territory, or District to which their organizations may belong. The selection being made throughout by competition, alternates cannot be considered under any circumstances. (See Sec. 75.09.) (R. S. 161; 5 U. S. C. 22) [Information Relative to the Appointment and Admission of Cadets to the United States Military Academy, Dec. 1, 1938]

* * * * *

SEC. 75.08 *Educational qualifications, how shown.* There are three methods of meeting the educational requirements for admission to the Military Academy, viz:

(a) By successfully passing the regular entrance examination, or,

(b) By submitting a satisfactory educational certificate (secondary school) to be validated by special examination, or,

(c) By submitting an educational certificate which does not need a validating examination. (See secs. 75.13 and 75.14.) (R. S. 161; 5 U. S. C. 22)

* * * * *

SEC. 75.10 *Entrance examination, where held.* The board before which a candidate is directed to appear will be the one convened at the place nearest or most convenient to his home or to the school at which he is in regular attendance.

Following is a list of the places at which the examination is held:

Army Building, 39 Whitehall Street, New York, N. Y.

Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs National Park, Ark.

Army Medical Center, Washington, D. C.

Army Base, Boston, Mass.

William Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex.

Canal Zone (such place as the commanding general, Panama Canal Department, may designate).

Chilkoot Barracks, Alaska.

Fort Douglas, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind.

Fort Sam Houston, Tex.

Jefferson Barracks, Mo.

Fort Leavenworth, Kans.

Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.

Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo.

Fort Lewis, Wash.

Fort McPherson, Ga.

Fort Missoula, Mont.

Fort Omaha, Nebr.

United States Army Supply Base, New Orleans, La.

San Juan, P. R.

Fort Sheridan, Ill.

Fort Sill, Okla.

Fort Snelling, Minn.

Schofield Barracks, Honolulu, Hawaii.

Fort Wm. McKinley, P. I.

(R. S. 161; 5 U. S. C. 22) [Information Relative to the Appointment and Admission of Cadets to the United States Military Academy, Dec. 1, 1938]

SEC. 75.11 *Schedule of mental examinations.* Schedule of examinations is as follows:

Regular Examination

First day.—Report and instructions, 9 a. m. to 11 a. m., 2 hours. History, 1:30 to 5:30 p. m., 4 hours.

Second day. Algebra, 9 a. m. to 1 p. m., 4 hours. English grammar, composition, and literature, 2:30 to 5:30 p. m., 3 hours.

Third day.—Geometry, 9 a. m. to 1 p. m., 4 hours.

Validating Examination

First day.—Report and instructions, 9 a. m. to 11 a. m., 2 hours. English grammar, composition, and literature, 2 p. m. to 4 p. m., 2 hours.

Second day.—Mathematics (algebra and plane geometry), 9:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m., 3 hours.

(R. S. 161; 5 U. S. C. 22) [Information Relative to the Appointment and Admission of Cadets to the United States Military Academy, Dec. 1, 1938]

SEC. 75.12 *Admission by regular mental examination.*

* * * * *

(d) *English grammar.* Candidates must have a good knowledge of English grammar; they must be able to define the terms used therein; to define the parts of speech; to give inflections, including declension, conjugation, and comparison; to give the corresponding masculine and feminine gender nouns; to give and apply the ordinary rules of syntax.

They must be able to parse correctly any ordinary sentence, giving the subject of each verb, the governing word of each

objective case, the word for which each pronoun stands or to which it refers, the words between which each preposition shows the relation, precisely what each conjunction and each relative pronoun connect, what each adjective and adverb qualify or limit, the construction of each infinitive, and generally to show a good knowledge of the function of each word in the sentence.

They must be able to correct in sentences or extracts any ordinary errors of grammar.

It is not required that any particular textbook shall be followed; but the definitions, parsing, and corrections must be in accordance with good usage and common sense.

(e) *English composition and English literature.* Candidates will be required—

(1) By the writing of short themes on subjects chosen by themselves within the limits set by the examination paper, to prove their ability to spell, capitalize, and punctuate, and their mastery of the elementary principles of composition, including paragraphing and sentence structure.

(2) To give evidence of intelligent acquaintance with the plays of Shakespeare which are most commonly used in preparatory and high schools.

(3) To exhibit a fair knowledge of the history of English and American literature and of the names and lives of most prominent authors and of the names of their principal works. (R. S. 161; 5 U. S. C. 22) [Information Relative to the Appointment and Admission of Cadets to the United States Military Academy, Dec. 1, 1938]

* * * * *

SEC. 75.13 *Admission by certificate and validating examinations.* The academic board will consider and may accept in lieu of the regular mental entrance examination a certificate[2] with validating examination in the following cases. (For alternate method of validating secondary school certificates, see par. (d), sec. 75.14.)

* * * * *

(b) A properly attested certificate (form II) that the candidate is in actual attendance in his senior year at a preparatory school or public high school accredited by the United States Military Academy and has satisfactorily completed 3½ years' work at such school, provided that the certificate shows specifically by subjects and units the work already completed and also that to be completed by graduation, and provided that the course the candidate is pursuing will, when completed, show proficiency in subjects amounting to not less that 15 units of the list given below, and the certificate includes a statement to that effect.

Of the 15 units, 2[3] must be in algebra, 1 in plane geometry, 1½ in English grammar and composition, 1½ in English literature, and 2 in history. The remaining 7 units may be chosen from the list of optional subjects given hereafter, but cannot include commercial or other subjects not included in the list.

If a scrutiny of the certificate submitted shows low grades, the certificate will be rejected.

A candidate submitting a certificate showing actual attendance at, and prospective graduation from, a preparatory or public high school must as a condition of admission continue his course of study and submit his diploma or other formal evidence of graduation at the time of entrance to the United States Military Academy. Failure to submit such evidence of graduation will disqualify the candidate for entrance.

A candidate whose certificate (form II) has been rejected must take the regular mental entrance examination. The academic board may reject a certificate upon any evidence, whether contained in the certificate or not, which creates a reasonable doubt as to the candidate's mental qualifications for admission.

An appointee whose certificate has been accepted subject to a validating examination must show by this examination that he has acquired during his preparatory school work a knowledge of algebra, plane geometry, and English grammar, composition, and literature similar to that described in the preceding paragraphs for appointees who enter by the regular mental examination. However, the validating examination will not be as searching as the regular examination, but will be so framed as to determine general knowledge of the subjects without requiring special courses of study in preparation. (R. S. 161; 5 U. S. C. 22) [Information Relative to the Appointment and Admission of Cadets to the United States Military Academy, Dec. 1, 1938]

SEC. 75.14 *Admission by certificate.* The academic board will consider and may accept without other mental requirement:

* * * * *

(d) A secondary school certificate (form II) as described in paragraphs (a) and (b), section 75.13 supplemented by a report from the College Entrance Examination Board that the candidate has taken its Scholastic Aptitude Test and Mathematics Attainment Test (Beta Section),[4] provided the grades earned on these tests are satisfactory. In case the candidate has graduated from secondary school prior to the date set for the validating examination (March or June), the Scholastic Aptitude Test and Mathematics Attainment Test (Beta Section)[4] must also have been taken and reported upon prior to that date. In case the candidate is in actual attendance in his senior year at a secondary school at the time set for the validating examination in March and has not yet taken these tests, he may decline to take the validating examination, electing instead to undergo the Scholastic Aptitude Test and Mathematics Attainment Test (Beta Section)[4] to be given by the College Entrance Examination Board in April of the same year. This privilege of electing to substitute the Scholastic Aptitude and Mathematics Attainment Tests[4] to be taken later is allowed for the March validating examination only.

A candidate whose certificate has been rejected under this section will be required to take the regular entrance examination except in cases where the Academic Board approves his credits under section 75.13 for admission subject to the validating examination.

The Academic Board may reject a certificate upon any evidence, whether contained in the certificate or not, which creates a reasonable doubt as to the candidate's mental qualifications for admission.

A candidate whose certificate has been accepted unconditionally under this section is excused from the mental examination but must appear for the physical examination.

A candidate whose certificate is approved under this paragraph subject to later passing of the College Entrance Examination Board's Scholastic Aptitude and Mathematics Attainment Tests,[4] is accepted as mentally qualified for admission if his record in these tests proves satisfactory. He is rejected as mentally unqualified if it proves unsatisfactory. (R. S. 161; 5 U. S. C. 22) [Information Relative to the Appointment and Admission of Cadets to the United States Military Academy, Dec. 1, 1938]

SEC. 75.15 *Subjects and credits.* The list of subjects and of the corresponding weights in units is as follows:

(a) *Required.* Every certificate must show evidence of proficiency in the following subjects:

	Units
Mathematics, A	2
Mathematics, C	1
English, A	1½
English, B	1½
History, A; History, B; History, C; History, D — Any 2	2
	8

(R. S. 161; 5 U. S. C. 22) [Information Relative to the Appointment and Ad-

[2] For lists of subjects and weights on certificates see sec. 75.15.

[3] Candidates from schools so organized as to offer only 1½ years of algebra must clearly show completion of all subject matter in paragraph (a) section 75.16 in order to receive credit of 2 units in that subject.

[4] In cases where the Scholastic Aptitude Test taken includes a mathematical section, the Mathematics Attainment Test is not required.

mission of Cadets to the United States Military Academy, Dec. 1, 1938]

* * * * *

SEC. 75.16 *Definition of certain subjects in the above list*—(a) *Mathematics, A, Algebra, two units.* * * *

(R. S. 161; 5 U. S. C. 22) [Information Relative to the Appointment and Admission of Cadets to the United States Military Academy, Dec. 1, 1938]

* * * * *

SEC. 75.18 *General information as to certificates.* All necessary papers, including a set of blank certificate forms (except form III, which is sent only upon application), are furnished by The Adjutant General to each duly nominated candidate (except where competition is specified) with his letter of appointment.

Any candidate who contemplates submitting a certificate shall, immediately upon receiving his appointment, forward to the Adjutant, United States Military Academy, West Point, N. Y., the names and addresses of all educational institutions from which he expects to obtain certificates, in order that information as to the status of those institutions may be procured before the arrival of the certificates.

Certificates should be submitted not later than February 15. A certificate received between February 15 and the examination will receive consideration, but, in view of the short time left to the academic board to investigate its value, no assurance will be given that such certificate can be acted on in time to exempt the candidate from the regular mental examination. Certificates received at West Point too late for full investigation and appraisal before 9 a. m. on the first Tuesday in March of each year will be returned to the candidates concerned without action.

Candidates who submit certificates on a date which does not allow the academic board sufficient time to investigate their value and notify them regarding the final action thereon prior to the day set for the examination should proceed with the regular examination.

Candidates who are informed that their certificates have been accepted, either provisionally or unconditionally, must present themselves at the regular time and place, as herein prescribed, for physical examination and, if required, for the validating examination.

A candidate submitting a secondary school certificate who has taken the College Entrance Examination Board's Scholastic Aptitude Test and Mathematics Attainment Test (Beta Section), or the Scholastic Aptitude Test alone if it included a mathematical section, should have his record in these tests forwarded to the Adjutant, West Point, N. Y., at the same time as his school certificate. He should state on the latter that this is being done.

A candidate in his last year in secondary school who elects not to take the validating examination in March but to depend for validation of his certificate upon the Scholastic Aptitude Test of April of the same year should include a statement to that effect when submitting his educational certificate. The latter should be submitted as in the general case, when the blank form is received from The Adjutant General.

A candidate whose certificate qualifications have been approved, provided he completes his regular high-school or preparatory-school course with good grades, and graduates, must bring with him, and present on the day he reports for admission, his diploma or certificate of graduation, together with a certified statement of the grades attained in his academic work, in order that the academic board of the Military Academy may determine whether or not these provisions have been fulfilled. If approval of his certificate was also subject to passing the College Entrance Examination Board's Scholastic Aptitude and Mathematics Attainment Tests at a later date, he should have a report of his record on these tests sent to the Adjutant, West Point, N. Y., as soon as the marks are available. The foregoing does not apply to a candidate whose certificate has been approved unconditionally.

A candidate who has once satisfactorily fulfilled all the mental requirements for entrance will be regarded as qualified at any subsequent opportunity which may arise for entrance with the same class.

A certificate which is accepted as satisfactory for one examination will be regarded as satisfactory for any other examination which may be set for entrance with the same class, unless it has been voided in the meantime by failure in the validating examination, in which event it will be reconsidered in connection with the results of the examination, should the candidate be reappointed with a view to admission the same year.

Any certificate accepted for entrance with one class is not valid for entrance with a succeeding class unless reapproved. It must be resubmitted, accompanied by a full statement of the candidate's educational work in the interim, and both certificate and statement will be subject to careful scrutiny by the academic board.

A candidate, not an ex-cadet, who has once been declared mentally qualified for entrance upon written examination, either regular or validating, need not undergo a second mental examination in case of any subsequent appointment unless the requirements for entrance have been changed in the meanwhile. A candidate reported not qualified mentally in one or more subjects on one examination will be required to qualify in all subjects at any subsequent examination.

Information on the Scholastic Aptitude Test and the Mathematics Attainment Test mentioned in this pamphlet may be obtained from the College Entrance Examination Board, 431 West 117th Street, New York, N. Y.

Inasmuch as candidates from the United States at large, the Regular Army, and the National Guard are appointed to vacancies in the order of merit competitively established as a result of the regular entrance examination, such candidates are not permitted to submit educational certificates in lieu of the regular examination. (R. S. 161; 5 U. S. C. 22) [Information Relative to the Appointment and Admission of Cadets to the United States Military Academy, Dec. 1, 1938]

* * * * *

[SEAL] E. S. ADAMS,
Major General,
The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 39-562; Filed, February 16, 1939; 10:26 a. m.]

TITLE 21—FOOD AND DRUGS

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

DESIGNATION OF FOOD HAVING COMMON OR USUAL NAMES AND EXEMPTION OF SUCH FOOD FROM CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS FOR A REASONABLE TIME TO PERMIT THE FORMULATION, PROMULGATION, AND EFFECTIVE APPLICATION OF DEFINITIONS AND STANDARDS OF IDENTITY THEREFOR

In conformity with subsection (a) (2) of section 902 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (52 Stat. 1040 et seq.; 21 U. S. C. 301 et seq.), the following foods having common or usual names are hereby designated and exempted from the requirements of clause (2) of section 403 (i) of the Act for a period of two years from the date hereof to permit the formulation, promulgation, and effective application of definitions and standards of identity therefor as provided by section 401 of the Act:

White Bread; Whole Wheat Bread; Milk Bread; Rasin Bread.

Evaporated Milk; Sweetened Condensed Milk; Malted Milk.

Unmixed, Immature Canned Vegetables, properly prepared and with water not in excess of the amount necessary for proper processing, with or without added salt or sugar or both, but with no other added substance.

Unmixed Canned Fruits, properly prepared and in sugar solution of not less than 20° Brix, not in excess of the amount necessary for proper processing, but with no other added substance.

Canned Oysters; Canned Clams; Canned Shrimp (dry and wet pack); Canned Fish Roe.

Sauerkraut; Olives in Brine.

Cheeses; Oleomargarine; Mayonnaise Dressing.

Fruit Preserves.

Sweet Chocolate; Sweet Milk Chocolate.

Lemon Extract; Orange Extract; Vanilla Extract.

The exemption herein provided for any food may be revoked at any time upon publication of notice of revocation in the FEDERAL REGISTER. Such revocation shall become effective on the ninetieth day after publication of the notice unless a later day is specified therein.

[SEAL] H. A. WALLACE,
Secretary of Agriculture.

FEBRUARY 15, 1939.

[F. R. Doc. 39-560; Filed, February 15, 1939; 4:06 p. m.]

Notices

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

National Bituminous Coal Commission.

[Dockets No. 528-FD to 537-FD, inc.; 605-FD]

IN THE MATTER OF APPLICATIONS FOR DETERMINATION OF STATUS UNDER THE SECOND PARAGRAPH OF SECTION 4-A OF THE BITUMINOUS COAL ACT OF 1937

Blue Star Coal Co., Swords Creek, Va.; Stanton Coal Co., St. Paul, Va.; C. P. Harmon, Swords Creek, Va.; Whited Coal Co., Swords Creek, Va.; Reedy Coal Co., Swords Creek, Va.; Belcher & Hughes, Swords Creek, Va.; E. Duncan, Swords Creek, Va.; Charles Compton, Swords Creek, Va.; Rufus Whited, Swords Creek, Va.; Church & Baldwin, Swords Creek, Va.; Flat Rock Coal Co.; Flat Rock, Va.

NOTICE AND ORDER FOR HEARING

The above named applicants having filed with the Commission their applications for determination of status under the second paragraph of Section 4-A of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937 alleging that they are entitled to exemption from the provisions of Section 4 and the first paragraph of Section 4-A because their transactions in coal do not directly affect interstate commerce in coal,

Now, therefore, It is hereby ordered:

That beginning on the 6th day of March, 1939, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Hearing Room of the Commission in the Martha Washington Inn, Abingdon, Virginia, a hearing on the above applications be held before an Examiner of this Commission to be designated and appointed to take testimony, to receive evidence in this proceeding, and to perform all other duties authorized by law.

The Secretary of the Commission is directed forthwith to mail a copy of this notice to the applicants and their attorneys of record, to the Consumers' Counsel, to the Secretary of each District Board, and shall cause a copy hereof to be filed and made available for inspection at each of the Statistical Bureaus of the Commission, and shall cause a copy hereof to be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

By order of the Commission.

Dated this 15th day of February 1939.

[SEAL] F. WITCHER MCCULLOUGH,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 39-563; Filed, February 16, 1939; 11:23 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Food and Drug Administration.

IN THE MATTER OF PUBLIC HEARING RELATIVE TO REGULATION FIXING AND ESTABLISHING A DEFINITION AND STANDARD OF IDENTITY FOR TOMATO PUREE, TOMATO PASTE, TOMATO CATSUP, AND TOMATO JUICE

FEBRUARY 15, 1939.

Notice is hereby given to all interested parties whose appearances have been entered as a matter of record that on Thursday, February 16, 1939, there will be certified to and filed with the Hearing Clerk, Office of the Solicitor, United States Department of Agriculture, South Building, Independence Avenue, between 12th and 14th Streets SW., Washington, D. C., the Transcripts of Evidence in the Public Hearings[1] held for the purpose of receiving evidence upon the basis of which a regulation may be promulgated fixing and establishing a reasonable definition and standard of identity for each of the following foods commonly known as: Tomato Puree, Tomato Paste, Tomato Catsup and Tomato Juice.

Pursuant to the announcement made by the Presiding Officer at each of said Hearings, written arguments, proposed findings of fact, or both, together with suggestions and conclusions, based solely on the evidence, may be filed with said Hearing Clerk not later than February 27, 1939.

[SEAL] JOHN MCDILL FOX,
Presiding Officer.

[F. R. Doc. 39-561; Filed, February 15, 1939; 4:06 p. m.]

[1] 3 F. R. 3012 DI.